# Non-Compliance Tracking and Trending at LLNL

J.S. Pearson, S.T. Huang

This article was submitted to The American Nuclear Society Embedded Topical Meeting on Practical Implementation of Nuclear Criticality Safety, Reno, NV, November 11-15, 2001

**August 22, 2001** 

U.S. Department of Energy



#### DISCLAIMER

This document was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor the University of California nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or the University of California. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or the University of California, and shall not be used for advertising or product endorsement purposes.

This is a preprint of a paper intended for publication in a journal or proceedings. Since changes may be made before publication, this preprint is made available with the understanding that it will not be cited or reproduced without the permission of the author.

This report has been reproduced directly from the best available copy.

Available electronically at <a href="http://www.doc.gov/bridge">http://www.doc.gov/bridge</a>

Available for a processing fee to U.S. Department of Energy

And its contractors in paper from
U.S. Department of Energy
Office of Scientific and Technical Information
P.O. Box 62

Oak Ridge, TN 37831-0062 Telephone: (865) 576-8401 Facsimile: (865) 576-5728 E-mail: reports@adonis.osti.gov

Available for the sale to the public from U.S. Department of Commerce National Technical Information Service 5285 Port Royal Road Springfield, VA 22161
Telephone: (800) 553-6847
Facsimile: (703) 605-6900

Facsimile: (703) 605-6900
E-mail: orders@ntis.fedworld.gov
Online ordering: http://www.ntis.gov/ordering.htm

OR

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
Technical Information Department's Digital Library
http://www.llnl.gov/tid/Library.html

#### Non-Compliance Tracking and Trending at LLNL

By John S. Pearson and Song T. Huang

#### INTRODUCTION

The Criticality Safety Section at LLNL has a formal set of procedures to guide the administrative and technical work of the section. Two of these procedures, "Response to a Criticality Safety Infraction" and "CSG Criticality Safety Non-Compliance and Audit Tracking System," provide combined guidance for response, tracking, and trending for procedural non-compliances. Combined with a database, this system provides a framework to systematically respond to, document, track and trend criticality safety non-compliances, as well as audit findings.

### **DESCRIPTION**

The first procedure, "Response to a Criticality Safety Infraction," provides guidance to the criticality safety staff for responding to a potential criticality safety non-compliance (infraction). It provides a response process from the initial program or facility contact to the final report. (See Figure 1.) It establishes responsibilities for the criticality safety staff. It provides guidance for preparing required documentation after a criticality safety non-compliance has occurred. Documentation includes a Criticality Safety Infraction Assessment followed by a Criticality Safety Infraction Report. The Criticality Safety Infraction Assessment documents the incident, as well as the barrier assessment (See Figure 2), safety margin assessment and trending assessment that result in a criticality safety severity index. (See Figure 3.) The severity index measures the severity of the non-compliance and indicates the minimum reporting level.

The second procedure, "CSG Criticality Safety Non-Compliance and Audit Tracking System," describes a non-compliance and audit tracking system. It establishes responsibilities of the criticality safety staff and requirements for the tracking system. It establishes a database format, which is tied to the reports described above. For criticality safety non-compliances the tracking system database includes fields for the following information: Date of occurrence, time of occurrence, building, room or area, workstation, document numbers and dates of the Criticality Safety Infraction and Assessment Report and the Criticality Safety Infraction Report, the Severity Index Number, and Criticality Safety Memorandum Number (See Figure 4). The database also includes fields for narrative descriptions of the incident, root causes, corrective actions, and implementation status of corrective actions. For audit findings, the tracking system database includes fields for: the facility audited, date of audit, date of audit report, and audit document number. There are also fields for each audit finding which include: a tracking number, description, status and final closeout.

#### **SUMMARY**

This system of procedures and database provides a framework to systematically document, track and trend criticality safety non-compliances, as well as audit findings.

\*This work was performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under Contract W-7405-Eng-48.

Figure 1. Flowchart of the Process for a Criticality Safety Infraction Assessment.

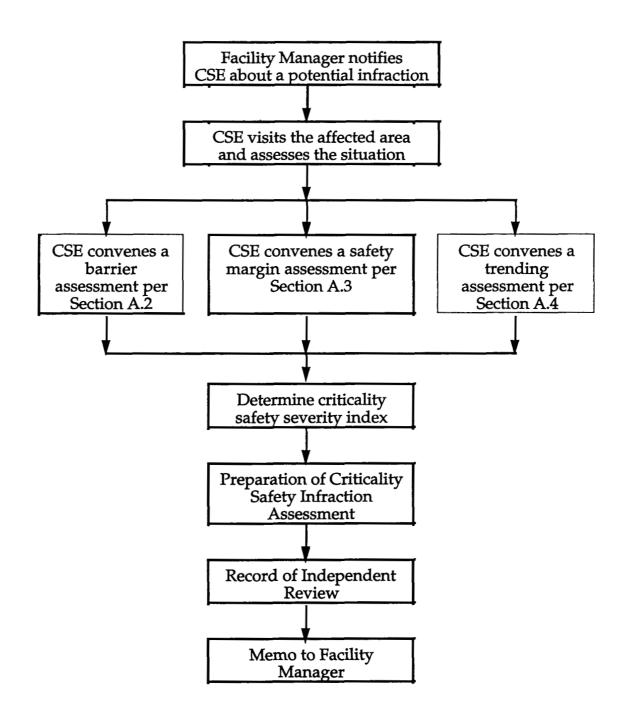


Figure 2. Barrier Assessment

	Barriers Formally Claimed (BFC) (1 =	Barriers Lost or Compromised (BLC) (1
Barrier Parameters	yes; 0 = no)	yes; $0 = no$ ; $0.5 = compromised$ )
Neutronic couplng (spacing)		
Poison		
Density		
Reflection		
Shape (Geometry)		ŧ
Volume		
Chemical/mixture concentration		
Enrichment		
Moderation		
Mass		
Other		
Other		
Sum	(BRC = )	(BLC = )

Figure 3. Severity Index and Reporting Levels for Non-Compliance with Criticality Safety Controls.

Severity Index	Minimum Reporting Level	Description of Condition
1	Emergency	A nuclear criticality accident has occurred.
2	Unusual	Violation of the double contingency criticality specification such that no valid controls are available to prevent a criticality accident.
3	Off-Normal	Any nuclear criticality safety non-compliance that results in a loss of contingency such that only one valid criticality control remains in place.
4	Internal	Of two contingencies, one contingency is unaffected, and one other contingency is substantially intact. Of several contingencies, failure of a control, but at least two or more claimed contingencies remained unchallenged.

Figure 4: CSG Non-Compliance Tracking System Database Form

## CSG Non-Compliance Tracking System

Date of occurrence	Time of occurrence
Building	Room or Area Workstation
	Description
CS Infraction Assessment [	CS Infraction Report
Date Issued	Date Issued
	Severity Index Number
ncident Analysis (IA) Report	CSG Memo Number
	Root Causes Description
	Correction Action Taken Description
en et ale e Maria Maria de la composición del composición de la co	
	Implementation Status
	The state of the s